

Supporting Pupils with Special Medicinal Needs

Definition

Pupils' medical needs may be broadly summarised as being of two types:

- (a) Short-term affecting their participation in school activities which they are on a course of medication.
- (b) Long-term potentially limiting their access to education and requiring extra care and support (deemed special medical needs).

Rationale

Local Authorities and schools have a responsibility for the health and safety of pupils in their care. The Health and Safety at Work Act 1974 makes employers responsible for the health and safety of employees and anyone else on the premises. In the case of pupils with special medical needs, the responsibility of the employer is to make sure that safety measures cover the needs of all pupils at the school. This may mean making special arrangements for particular pupils who may be more at risk than their classmates. Individual procedures may be required. The employer is responsible for making sure that relevant staff know about and are, if necessary, trained to provide any additional support these pupils may need.

From September, the Children and Families Act 2014 places a duty on schools to make arrangements for children with medical conditions. Pupils with special medical needs have the same right of admission to school as other children and cannot be refused admission or excluded from school on medical grounds alone. However, teachers and other school staff in charge of pupils have a common law duty to act in loco parentis and may need to take swift action in an emergency. This duty also extends to teachers leading activities taking place off the school site. This could extend to a need to administer medicine.

The prime responsibility for a child's health lies with the parent who is responsible for the child's medication and should supply the school with information.

Aims

The school aims to:

- assist parents in providing medical care for their children;
- educate staff and children in respect of special medical needs;
- adopt and implement the LA policy of Medication in Schools;
- arrange training for volunteer staff to support individual pupils;
- liaise as necessary with medical services in support of the individual pupil;
- ensure access to full education if possible.
- monitor and keep appropriate records.

Entitlement

The school accepts that pupils with medical needs should be assisted if at all possible and that they have a right to the full education available to other pupils. The school believes that pupils with medical needs should be enabled to have full attendance and receive necessary proper care and support.

The school accepts all employees have rights in relation to supporting pupils with medical needs as follows:

- choose whether or not they are prepared to be involved;
- receive appropriate training;
- work to clear guidelines;
- have concerns about legal liability;
- bring to the attention of management any concern or matter relating to supporting pupils with medical needs.

Expectations

It is expected that:

- parents will be encouraged to co-operate in training children to self-administer medication if this is practicable and that members of staff will only be asked to be involved if there is no alternative;
- where parents have asked the school to administer the medication for their child, the
 prescription and dosage regime should be typed or printed clearly on the outside. The
 school will only administer medicines in which the dosage is required 4 times a day. The
 name of the pharmacist should be visible. Any medications not presented properly will not
 be accepted by school staff. Pupils should not bring in their own medicine. This should be
 brought into school by the parent and appropriate paperwork completed.
- employees will consider carefully their response to requests to assist with the giving of medication or supervision of self-medication and that they will consider each request separately.
- the school will liaise with the School Health Service for advice about a pupil's special medical needs, and will seek support from the relevant practitioners where necessary and in the interests of the pupil.

- Any medicines brought into school by the staff e.g. headache tablets, inhalers for personal use should be stored in an appropriate place and kept out of the reach of the pupils. Any staff medicine is the responsibility of the individual concerned and not the school.
- Short term medical treatment the school does not accept responsibility for administering medication such as antibiotics. In most cases it should be possible for parents to ask their doctors to arrange dose frequencies which enable the medication to be taken outside school hours. If this does present a problem then parents should contact the school.
- Pupils sometimes ask for pain killers. The school will not administer such medication.
- Long term medical treatment It is important to the child's emotional and academic development that the school should be fully aware of a child's medical condition. It is the intention of the school to draw up where appropriate and in conjunction with the parent and other relevant health professionals a written health care plan.
- Where medication is to be administered the parents or guardians of the child will need to complete a written agreement form prior to the medication coming onto the school premises.
- We should wherever possible encourage pupils to take responsibility for their medical condition. Pupils should when they are sufficiently mature take charge themselves of their medication. This will however require written approval of their parents and will be subject to the safety of the medication should another child take some of the treatment. Where a medication poses a threat to another child it will always be kept under the supervision of a member of staff.
- Staff should receive the appropriate training and support to meet the needs of pupils that will fall within their care.
- No pupils should be given any medication without written parental consent.
- If medication is given then the member of staff should check
 - > pupil's name
 - written instructions from parent/guardian
 - prescribed dose
 - expiry date.

If in any doubt the member of staff should check with the parent.

- Medicines and devices such as asthma inhalers, blood glucose testing meters and adrenaline pens should be always readily available to children and not locked away. This is particularly important to consider when outside of school premises, e.g. on school trips.
- If a child refuses medication they should not be forced to take it. The school should inform the parent as soon as is possible.

- Staff must keep records of medication given to pupils. There is a difficulty when the child is responsible for their own treatment e.g. an inhaler held by the child.
- Staff supervising trips must check for medical conditions amongst the children taking part
 and ensure that all medication will be available to the child. Before the commencement of
 a residential trip staff must make contact either in writing or in person with the parent of
 such children and ensure that adequate quantities of medication are available, that the
 child's condition is stable and that they are as fully briefed as possible, and what
 emergency details are required should the child need to have additional support.
- All children should have the maximum access to the curriculum. A child's medical condition should be considered against the demands of the curriculum and wherever possible the necessary arrangements put in place to allow maximum access.
- Emergency procedures In the event that an ambulance needs to be called:
 - * Ring the emergency service
 - * Endeavour to make contact with the parent.
 - * Accompany the child in the ambulance.
 - * Take a copy of all medical details with you and their medication.
 - * Remain with the child until the parent arrives.

Generally staff should not take pupils to hospital in their own car. If it is required then the member of staff should be accompanied by another adult and have adequate work coverage on their policy.

Policy into Practice

There is a need for proper documentation at all stages when considering the issue of support for pupils with medical needs in Holbrook Primary School.

Drafted: September 2014 Ratified by Governors:

Reviewed September 2015 or earlier if guidance changes